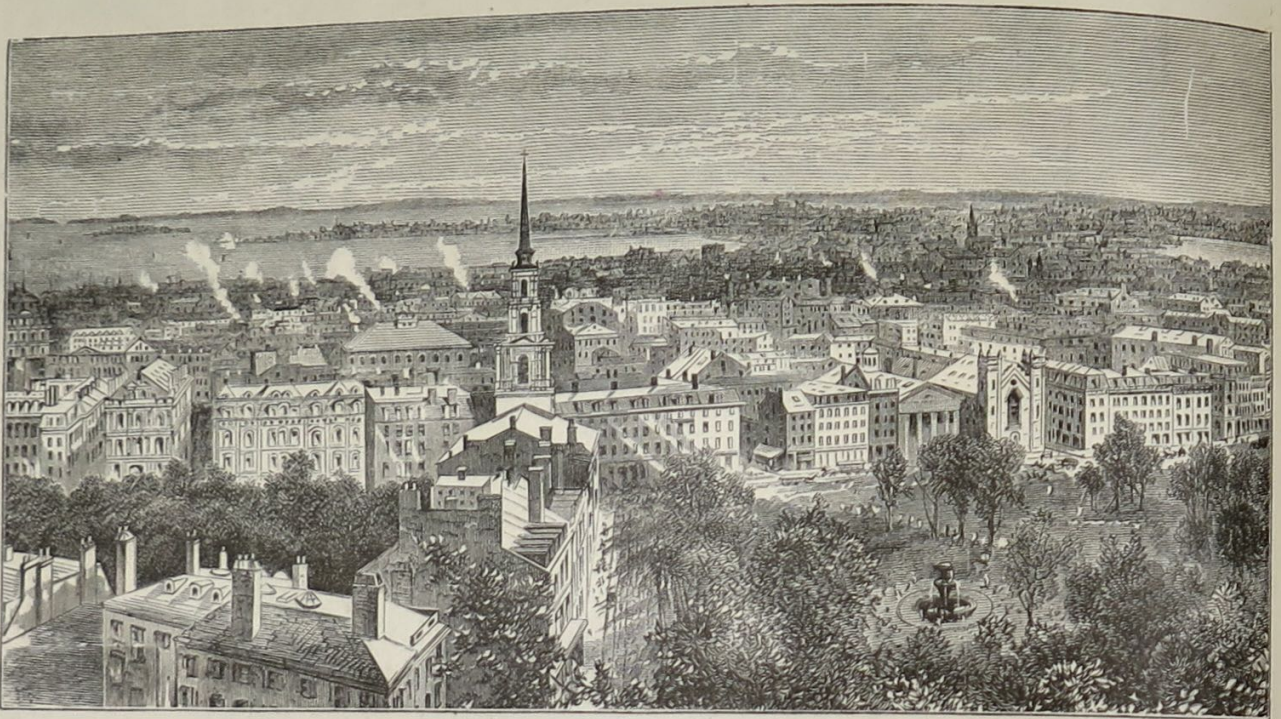


WARREN'S
NEW
PRIMARY GEOGRAPHY



COWPERTHWAIT & CO.
PHILADELPHIA.



VIEW OF A PART OF BOSTON.

THE NEW ENGLAND STATES.

LESSON I.

THE New England States occupy the north-eastern part of the United States. They are six in number.

2. The coast of the most southern of the New England States is low and sandy, but of those toward the north-east is high and rocky, and is lined with many rocky islands.

3. The Appalachian Mountain System crosses these states, and a great proportion of the surface is mountainous or hilly.

4. Many small lakes, which add greatly to the beauty of the scenery, are scattered through the country, especially in the most eastern states.

5. The rivers are mostly small, and flow swiftly down the slopes of the mountains to the ocean. A great number of mills are built upon their banks, and much manufacturing is carried on.

6. The soil is not generally well adapted for farming, but much of it is suitable for grazing.

7. The people are chiefly occupied in manufactures and commerce. Many are also employed in lumbering and fishing.

8. The New Englanders are chiefly of English descent. They are noted for their industry, enterprise, and for their excellent schools. Many of them have emigrated to the other states of the Union.

Questions.—LESSON I.—What states occupy the north-eastern part of the United States? Describe the coast of the most southern of the New England States. Of those toward the north-east. What mountain system crosses these states? What can you say of a great proportion of the surface? What can you say of the small lakes

that are scattered through the country? Of the rivers? What are built upon their banks? Should you suppose that farming is very profitable in these states? Why? In what are the people chiefly occupied? In what other occupations are many employed? What can you say of the New Englanders?

LESSON II.

MAINE (Me.) is the most eastern of the New England States. The coast is rocky and has many good harbors. This state is settled chiefly in the southern part.

The northern part contains extensive pine forests. Great quantities of lumber are cut annually, and floated down the rivers to the sea-ports, where much of it is used in building ships.

(A *Sea-port* is a city or town built upon the sea coast.)

2. New Hampshire (N. H.) has many rugged mountains and beautiful lakes, and is often called the "Switzerland of America."

The White Mountains are in this state. Mount Washington, the highest of them, is about a mile and a quarter high.

The people are employed in farming and manufacturing.

3. Vermont (Vt.) contains a range of mountains called the Green Mountains.

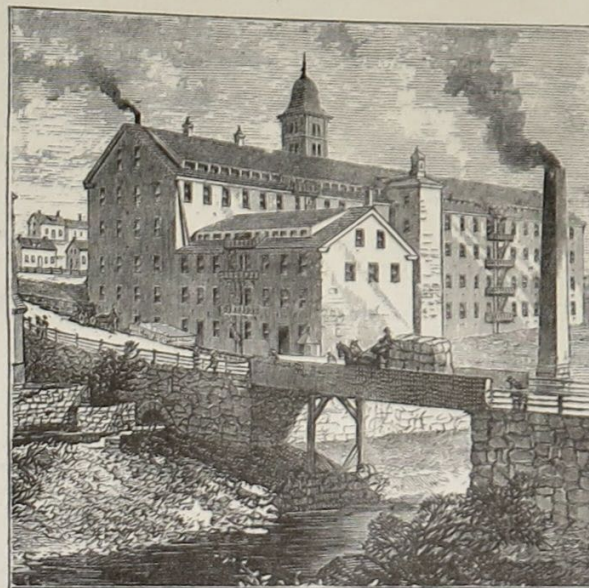
The valleys between these mountains are rich farming lands, and the mountain sides afford excellent pasturage for cattle, horses and sheep. The people are chiefly employed in farming and grazing.

4. Massachusetts (Mass.) is one of the richest and most populous states in the Union.

It has an extensive commerce, second only

Questions.—LESSON II.—What can you say of Maine? Of the coast? Where is Maine settled? What does the northern part contain? What can you say of the lumber? How is much of it used? What is a sea-port? What can you say of New Hampshire? What mountains are in this state? How high is Mount Washington? In what are the people employed? What mountains does Vermont contain? What can you say of the valleys and mountain

to that of New York. The manufactures are also extensive, and more people are employed in the fisheries than in any other state.



A COTTON MANUFACTORY.

Boston is the largest city in New England. *Plymouth* is the place where the "Pilgrims" landed, and is the oldest town in New England.

5. Rhode Island (R. I.) is the smallest of the United States. It contains many manufacturing villages, and great quantities of cotton and woollen goods are made.

This state is the only one which has two capitals.

6. Connecticut (Conn.) is sometimes called the "Land of Steady Habits." It is noted for the great variety and extent of its manufactures.

sides? In what are the people employed? What can you say of Massachusetts? What of the commerce? The manufactures? The fisheries? Of Boston? Who landed at Plymouth? Do you know anything about the Pilgrims? Which is the smallest of the United States? What does Rhode Island contain? What goods are made? How many capitals has Rhode Island? What is Connecticut called? For what is it noted?

QUESTIONS ON THE MAP OF THE NEW ENGLAND STATES.

LESSON I.

(With the aid of the Maps, scholars should be required to name the boundaries of each state, after each lesson on the Map of the section.)

What ocean is south-east of the New England States? What state upon the west? What British province on the north-west? What British province is east of Maine?

Which is the most northern and eastern of the New England States? Which is the most southern and western?

What two states are north of Massachusetts? What two are south of Massachusetts?

What mountains are in New Hampshire? What mountains are in Vermont? Where is Mount Katahdin?

What island is on the coast of Maine? What two islands are south of the eastern part of Massachusetts? Where is Long Island?

Of what state is the Peninsula of Cape Cod a part? In what part of the state is this peninsula?

What two capes are on the coast of Massachusetts? What point forms the eastern extremity of Long Island?

What three bays are on the coast of Maine? Which is the most northern of these? What bay east of Massachusetts? Between what state and island is Long Island Sound?

LESSON II.

What lakes are in Maine? Through what rivers do their waters flow? What large river flows into Penobscot Bay? What river is west of the Kennebec? What river forms part of the northern boundary of Maine?

What lake is in New Hampshire? What river? Through what other state does the Merrimac flow? What lakes are partly in Vermont?

What river flows across Massachusetts? Across what other state does it flow? What states does it separate? In what direction does this river flow? Into what body of water? Which of the New England States has the most rivers?

Name the cities of Maine. Which is the capital, and on what river is it?

Name the cities of New Hampshire. On what river are three of them? Which is the capital?

Name the cities of Vermont. On what river is the capital? On what lake is Burlington? Where is Bennington?

Name the cities of Massachusetts. Which is the capital? In what part of the state is it? On what bay? On what river is Lowell? Springfield? Where is Fall River?

Name the capitals of Rhode Island. The capital of Connecticut.

LESSON III.

On what river, ocean and bay would you sail to go by water from Bangor to Boston? On what river and sound would you sail to go from Hartford to New York?

What two rivers would you cross to go in a direct line from Boston to Albany? In what state is Albany?

Tell the river and mountains you would cross to go in a direct line from Concord to Bennington. In what state is Concord? In what state is Bennington?

What is the scale of the map of the New England States? If the scale of this map is sixty miles to an inch, how far apart are two places if the distance between them, measured on the map, is two inches?

The distance from Boston to Quebec, measured on the map, is about four inches: how far is Quebec from Boston? In what direction from Boston is Quebec? In what direction from Quebec is Boston? In what direction, and how far from New York, is Portsmouth?

What state would you cross to go from Maine to Vermont? From New Hampshire to New York?

What state would you cross, proceeding from New Hampshire to Rhode Island? Go west from Providence into the State of New York: what state would you cross?

On what waters would you sail in going from Augusta to Boston? What states would you cross in going by land? In which of the New England States would you find many of the people making cotton and woollen goods? To what state would you go to see the highest mountain in New England?

Spell the following words:—Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Boston, New Haven, Providence.



74 73 Longitude 72 West from 71 Greenwich 70

Page 45

VERMONT
GREEN MOUNTAINS
MONTPELIER
BURLINGTON
WINDHAM R.
WILKINS R.
LAKE CHAMPLAIN
ALBANY
BENNINGTON

NEW HAMPSHIRE
CONCORD
PORTSMOUTH
MANCHESTER
NASHUA
LOWELL
WORCESTER
SPRINGFIELD
HARTFORD
CONNECTICUT
NEW HAVEN

MAINE
AUGUSTA
PORTLAND
CASCO BAY
CAPE ANN
MASSACHUSETTS BAY
BOSTON
PLYMOUTH
CAPE COD
PENINSULA OF CAPE COD
NANTUCKET
MARtha's VINEYARD

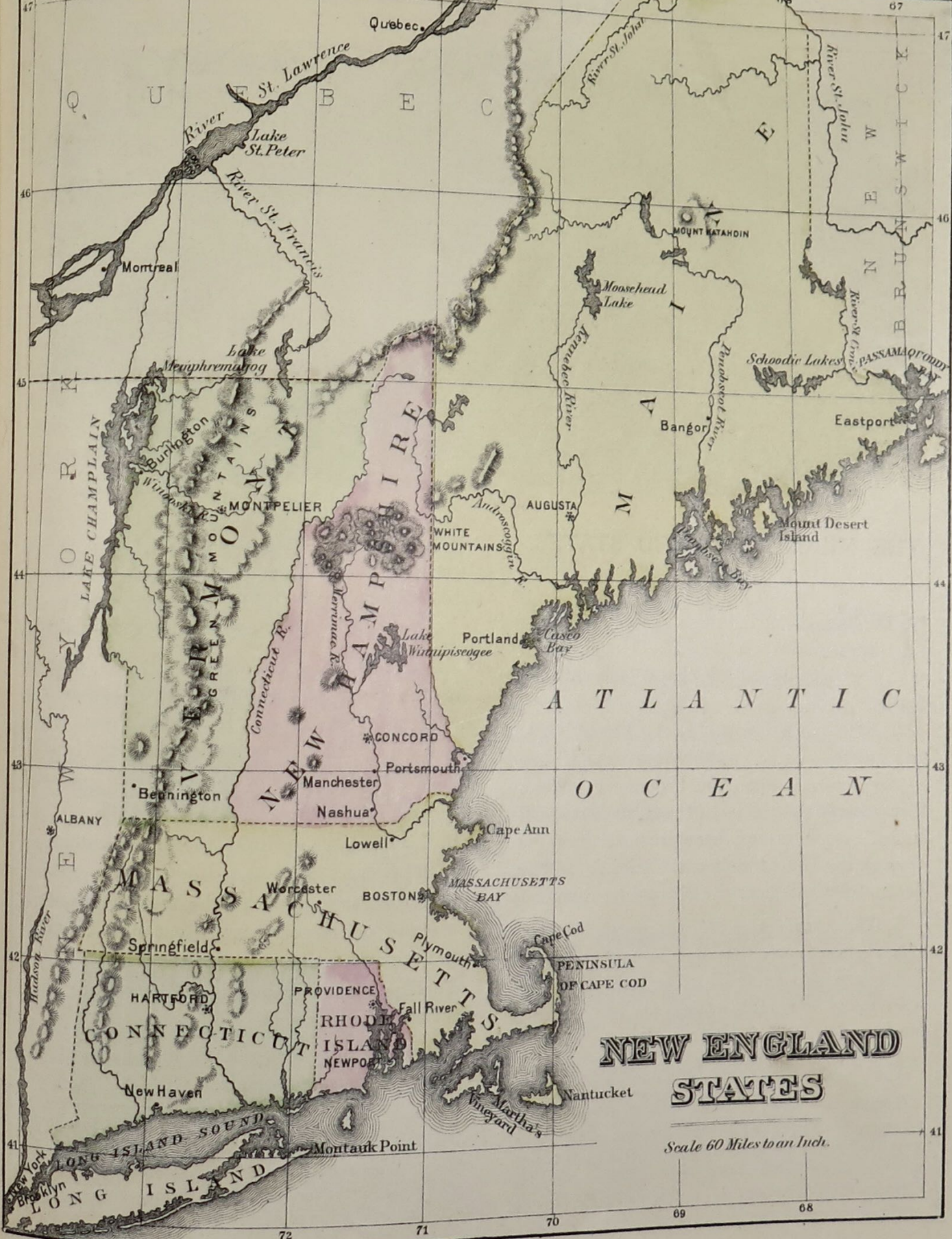
NEW JERSEY
MOUNT KATAHDIN
MOOSEHEAD LAKE
Kennebec River
Schoodic Lakes
PASSAMAQUODDY
EASTPORT
MOUNT DESERT ISLAND
CONCORD
PORTSMOUTH
MANCHESTER
NASHUA
LOWELL
WORCESTER
SPRINGFIELD
HARTFORD
CONNECTICUT
NEW HAVEN

QUEBEC
RIVER St. Lawrence
LAKE St. Peter
RIVER St. Francis
MONTREAL
MEGUMENAGOG
LAKE
WINDHAM R.
WILKINS R.
LAKE CHAMPLAIN
ALBANY
BENNINGTON
MASSACHUSETTS BAY
BOSTON
PLYMOUTH
CAPE COD
PENINSULA OF CAPE COD
NANTUCKET
MARtha's VINEYARD

NEW BRUNSWICK
RIVER St. John
RIVER St. John
RIVER St. John
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NEW ENGLAND STATES

Scale 60 Miles to an Inch.



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